RE long term overview						
	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Year 1	What do you ce why?	lebrate and	What is a ritual?	Why is Easter celebrated by Christians?	What makes some places sacred?	
Year 2	How should we and the world, a matter?		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Year 3	What does it mean to be a Christian in Britain today?	What happened in the Nativity story?	Why is the Bible Christians today	-	What does it me in Britain today	ean to be a Sikh ?
Year 4	What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?	What does it me Muslim in Britai		What is the significance of Good Friday? What role does food play in religion?		food play in
Year 5	What forgiveness mean for different religions?	What does worship mean?	Why did Jesus d	ie?	What do people	e believe in?
Year 6	What is humani	sm?	What does eternity mean? What is just		What is justice?	•

The Craylands School KS1 Long term subject: RE

Year 1 knowledge end points	Year 2 knowledge end points
To understand what Christmas is	Year 1 knowledge
To know how Christmas is celebrated	To recall the Christian creation story
To understand what a ritual is	To know what happens at Harvest
To recall rituals e.g. holy communion, Salat, Puja	To explain what a Sukkot is
To know that we remember the death of Jesus at Easter	To know we can learn lessons from religious stories
To name some places of workship e.g. Synagigue, Mandir	To understand elements of the Jewish religion e.g. place of
	worship (synagogue), Jewish Holy book (Torah) and
	symbols related to Judaism (Star of David)
	To understand what a ceremony is; to be able to explain
	what happens at different ceremonies e.g. Aquiquah,
	Bah Mitzvah, Dastar Bandhi

Year 1 Term 2	Gifts and giving				
Vocabulary	presents Chris	stmas Christianity			
To explain what Christmas is	What is Christmas?	Identify some ways Christians celebrate Christmas/Easter/Harvest/ Pentecost and some ways a festival is celebrated in another religion Word of lesson: Christmas			
To explain how Christmas is celebrated	What happens at Christmas?	Identify some ways Christians			

			Per fes reli	ristmas/Easter/Harv ntecost and some w tival is celebrated in igion . of lesson: Christiani	ays a nanother	What month is Christmas is?
To explain why gifts are given at Christmas	Why are gifts given at Christmas?		cel Chr Per fes reli	entify some ways Chebrate ristmas/Easter/Harv ntecost and some w tival is celebrated in igion	vest/ vays a	Long term learning: Who was born at Christmas?
			Word	of lesson: presents		
Year 1 Term 3			a ritual			
Link to prior learning	Υε	ar 1 ter	ms 1 & 2			
Vocabulary	Ritual routine religion	prayer	puja	Holy Communion	Salat	
Learning objectives	Context			Skills		Knowledge
To know what a ritual is	What is a ritual?		Word	of lesson: ritual		Long term learning: What do we give at Christmas?
To know what Salat is	What is Salat and who celebrates it?			entify some ways a f ebrated in another		Long term learning: What do we

To know what Puja is	What is Puja and what happens in this ritual?	Identify some ways a fe celebrated in another re Word of lesson: Puja	eligion H	ong term learning: ow many times a ay is Salat done? (5)
To know what Holy Communion is	What happens at Holy Communion?	Word of lesson: Holy Comm	Lo Is	ong term learning: Salat perfomed by Iuslims or Hindus?
To compare rituals from different religions	Are all rituals the same? How are they different?	Word of lesson: religion	Is	ong term learning: Puja performed by Iuslims or Hindus? H)
Year 1 Term 4	Why is Easter celeb	orated by Christians?		
Link to prior learning	Year 1 t	erms 1-3		
Vocabulary	Easter Palm Sunday Good Friday	Jesus The Last Supper resurrection		
Learning objectives	Context	Skills	Kn	owledge
To explain the importance of Palm Sunday	Why is Palm Sunday important for Christians?	Talk about some simple ide Christian beliefs about God (A1). Word of lesson: Palm Sunda	and Jesus	Long term learning: Who was born at Christmas?
To know what happened on Maundy Thursday	What happened on Maundy Thursday and why is it important for Christians?	 Talk about some simple about Christian beliefs a and Jesus (A1). Re-tell a story that show Christians might think a in words, drama and pic suggesting what it mean 	about God ws what bout God, ctures,	Long term learning: What did Jesus ride on Palm Sunday? (donkey)

		Word of lesson: Easter		
To understand the importance of the cross for Christians	What does the symbol of the cross represent? Why is it important for Christians?	Identify some ways Christians celebrate Christmas/Easter/Harvest/ Pentecost and some ways a festival is celebrated in another religion Word of lesson: cross	Long term learning: Which religion is Salat performed? (Muslims)	
To understand what a surprise is	What is a surprise?	Word of lesson: surprise	Long term learning: What did Jesus die on? (cross)	
To know how disciples felt on Easter Sunday	What happened on Easter Sunday? How did people feel about it?	Identify some ways Christians celebrate Christmas/Easter/Harvest/ Pentecost and some ways a festival is celebrated in another religion Word of lesson: resurrection	Long term learning: Which religion performs Puja? (Hindus)	
To understand how Easter is celebrated	What happens at Easter? How do we celebrate it?	Identify some ways Christians celebrate Christmas/Easter/Harvest/ Pentecost and some ways a festival is celebrated in another religion Word of lesson: Celebrate	Long term learning: Who died at Easter? (Jesus)	
·				
Year 1 Term 5		ne places sacred?		
Link to prior learning	Year 1 term 3 & 4			
Vocabulary	Worship special church mandir s	synagogue Jewish Christian Hindu		

To know what a place of worship is	What is a place of worship? What happens there?	Recognise that there are special places where people go to worship, and talk about what people do there (A1).	Long term learning: Who died at Easter?
		Word of lesson: worship	
To describe key areas of the synagogue and talk	Which place of worship is sacred for Jewish people? https://classroom.thenational.academy/lessons/where-do-	Identify special objects and symbols found in a place where people worship	Long term learning:
about why they are	jews-worship-today	and be able to say something about	What symbols is
important to believers		what they mean and how they are used	important to Christians?
		•	(cross)
		Word of lesson: sacred	
To describe the Hindu	Which place of worship is sacred for Hindus?	Identify special objects and symbols	Long term
Mandir and its features.		found in a place where people worship	learning: What is
		and be able to say something about	the name of the
		what they mean and how they are used	Jewish place of worship?
		Word of lesson: mandir	(Synagogue)
To describe places of	Which place of worship is sacred for Christians?	Identify special objects and symbols	Long term
worship whilst considering	https://classroom.thenational.academy/lessons/where-do-	found in a place where people worship	learning: What is
why they are important to	christians-worship	and be able to say something about	the name of the
believers.		what they mean and how they are used	Hindu place of worship?
		Word of lesson: Church	(mandir)
To understand why	Why are places of worship important to our community?	Identify special objects and symbols	Long term
places of worship are		found in a place where people worship	learning: What is
important to the		and be able to say something about	the name of the
community.		what they mean and how they are used	Christian place
			of worship?
		Word of lesson: special	(church)

Year 2 Term 1	How should we care for others and the world, and why does it matter?					
Link to prior learning	Year 1	term 1				
Vocabulary	Christians creation w	orld harvest Sukkot				
To know the Christians Creation story	How do Christians believe the world was created?	Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world Word of lesson: creation	Long term learning: What is celebrated at Christmas?			
To understand the importance of the creation story to Christans	What do Christians believe about caring for people?	 Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world Identify ways that some people make a response to God by caring for others and the world Word of lesson: Christians 	Long term learning: What is remember at Easter?			
To explain why harvest is important to Christians	What is harvest?	Identify some ways Christians celebrate Christmas/Easter/Harvest/ Pentecost and some ways a festival is celebrated in another religion Word of lesson: harvest	Long term learning: What is the name of the Christian place of worship? (Church)			
To describe how Jewish people might help people making links to the festival of Sukkot	What do some religions say about caring for other people?	 Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world Identify ways that some people make a response to God by caring for others and the world 	Long term learning: What is the name of the Jewish place of worship? (Synagogue)			

		T
	Word of lesson: caring	
What can we learn from the story Prince Siddhartha and the Swan?	 Identify ways that some people make a response to God by caring for others and the world Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world Word of lesson: moral 	Long term learning: How many days did it take for God to create the world? (6 with 1 day of rest)
What can we learn from the story The Boy Who Threw Stones	Re-tell Bible stories and stories	Long term
at rrees	1	learning: Which
		religion has
	Word of the lesson: lesson	Sukkot?
		(Judaism)
Who is Jewish and w	hat do they believe?	
Year 1	l terms 4 & 5	
Judaism Israel synagogue	Torah Hanukkah Star of David	
How did the Jewish religion begin?	Word of lesson: Judaism	Long term
		learning: What is
		the name of the
		Jewish place of
		worship?
		(Synagogue)
What do Jews believe in?	Talk about the fact that Jews believe in	Long term
	God.	learning: Which
	dou.	icarring, writer
	Gou.	religion has
	Swan? That can we learn from the story The Boy Who Threw Stones at Trees Who is Jewish and w Year 1 Judaism Israel synagogue How did the Jewish religion begin?	**Nhat can we learn from the story Prince Siddhartha and the Swan?** **Swan?** **Identify ways that some people make a response to God by caring for others and the world **Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world **Word of lesson: moral** **Word of lesson: moral** **Word of lesson: moral** **Re-tell Bible stories and stories from another faith about caring for others and the world Word of the lesson: lesson ** **Who is Jewish and what do they believe?** **Year 1 terms 4 & 5** **Judaism** Israel** synagogue** Torah** Hanukkah** Star of David How did the Jewish religion begin?** **Word of lesson: Judaism** **Word of lesson: Judaism**

			(Judaism)
To explain special places	What is the special place called for Jewish pec	·	Long term
for Jews		different ways	learning: What is
			remembered at
		Word of lesson: synagogue	Easter?
To know what the Jewish	What is the religious book called in Judaisn	n? Collect examples of what people do,	Long term
religious book is	_	give, sing, remember or think about	learning: Which
_		at the religious celebrations studied,	religion carries
		and say why they matter to	out Salat?
		believers	(Muslim)
		Word of lesson: Torah	
To explain the meaning	What special signs and symbols are there in the	Jewish Collect examples of what people do,	Long term
of signs and symbols in	religion?	give, sing, remember or think about	learning: What
Judaism		at the religious celebrations studied,	do we give at
		and say why they matter to	Christmas?
		believers	(presents)
		Word of lesson: Star of David	
Year 2 Term 4	How & why do	we celebrate special and sacred times	
Link to prior learning		Year 1 term 4	
Vocabulary	Celebrate rite of passage Ac	uiquah Bah Mitzvah Dastar Bandhi wed	dding
To describe what a	What is a ceremony?	Collect examples of what people do,	Long term
ceremony is		give, sing, remember or think about	learning: What
		at the religious celebrations studied,	do we do at
		and say why they matter to	harvest?
		believers (C1).	(collect food
		Word of lesson: ceremony	from the crops)

To know what happens	What religion celebrates Aqiquah? What happens in this	Collect examples of what people do,	Long term
at Aqiquah	ceremony?	give, sing, remember or think about	learning: What
		at the religious celebrations studied,	may you do at
		and say why they matter to	Christmas?
		believers	
		Word of lesson: Aquiquah	
To know what happens	Which religion celebrates Bah Mitvah? What happens in this	Collect examples of what people do,	Long term
at Bar Mitvah	ceremony?	give, sing, remember or think about	learning: Which
		at the religious celebrations studied,	religion
		and say why they matter to	celebrates
		believers	Aquiquah?
		Word of lesson: Bah Mitvah	(Islam)
To know what happens	Which religion celebrates Dastar Bandhi? What happens in	Collect examples of what people do,	Long term
as Dastar Bandhi	this ceremony?	give, sing, remember or think about at	learning: Which
		the religious celebrations studied, and	religion
		say why they matter to believers	celebrates Bah
		Word of lesson: Dastar Bandhi	Mitvah?
			(Judaism)
To know what happens	What happens at a Hindu wedding?	 Collect examples of what people do, 	Long term
at a Hindu wedding		give, sing, remember or think about	learning: Which
		at the religious celebrations studied,	religion
		and say why they matter to	celebrates
		believers	Dastar Bandhi?
		Word of lesson: wedding	(Sikhism)

The Craylands School KS2 Long term subject: RE

Year 3 knowledge end points	Year 4 knowledge end points	Year 5 knowledge end points	Year 6 knowledge end points
KS1 knowledge	Year 3 knowledge	Year 3 & 4 knowledge	Year 3, 4 & 5 knowledge
To know how Christianity was founded	To know how Hinduism was founded	To know what forgiveness is	To know what a humanist is

To recognise the main beliefs of To recognise the main beliefs of To understand different religions To know what a humanist believes Hinduism views on forgiveness e.g. Yom Kippur, Christianity To understand key aspects of Christianity To understand key aspects of Hinduism Buddhism To understand the terms freedom e.g. place of worship (Church), Holy Book e.g. place of worship (Mandir), Holy To recognise people worship in and justice (Bible), festivals (Easter, lent) Book (Veda), festivals (Diwali) To know how people fight for different ways including song, prayer, To understand key aspects of the To know how Islam was founded freedom and justice art To recognise the main beliefs of Islam To know the events of the Easter To understand the term eternity Christmas story To know the role different people played To understand key aspects of Islam e.g. story To know what reincarnation is place of worship (Mosque), Holy Book To consider whether Jesus may have To understand different religious in the Nativity story To understand what makes up the Bible (Qu'ran), festivals (Eid) know about what was going to viewpoints on eternity To recognise the importance of the Bible To understand key points in the Easter happen to him To understand the term atonement to Christians story e.g. Palm Sunday, Mundy To know how Sikhism was founded Thursday, Good Friday To recognise and explain the impact To understand the term resurrection To recognise the main beliefs of Sikhism faith has on people's lives To understand key aspects of Sikhism e.g. To recognise the role food plays in place of worship (Gurdwara), Holy Book religions (Guru Granth Sahib), festivals (Vaiskhi) To know what fasting is To recognise that in some religions, there is a period of fasting e.g. Muslims/Ramadan

Year 3 Term 1	What does	it mea	n to b	e a (Christian in	Britain today?			
Link to prior learning				Υe	ear 1 term 4				
Vocabulary	Christianity Jes	us Bi	ible l	lent	Christmas	old testament	new t	estament	
Learning objectives	Context		•		Skills		•		Knowledge

To know how Christianity was founded	How did Christianity start?	Describe some examples of what Christians do to show their faith, and make connections with some Christian beliefs and teachings Word of lesson: Christianity	Long term learning: What is a Christian place of worship called? What is a Jewish place of worship called? (Synagogue)
To explain the main beliefs of Christianity	What do Christians believe in?	Describe some examples of what Christians do to show their faith, and make connections with some Christian beliefs and teachings Word of lesson: Jesus	Long term learning: What is celebrated at Christmas? What is remembered at Easter?
To identify special places of worship for Christians	Where do Christians worship?	 Describe some examples of what Christians do to show their faith, and make connections with some Christian beliefs and teachings Describe some ways in which Christian express their faith through hymns and modern worship songs Word of lesson: Church 	Long term learning: Which religion carries out Salat – prayer 5 times a day? (Islam) Which religion carries out Puja? (Hindus)
To know some Christian festivals	What are some Christian festivals? What happens at them?	Describe some examples of what Christians do to show their faith, and make connections with some Christian beliefs and teachings Word of lesson: lent	Long term learning: Which religion celebrates Bah Mitvah? (Judaism) Which religion celebrates Dastar Bandhi? (Sikhism)
To know the importance of The Bible	What is the Christian Holy Book? How is it organised?	Describe some examples of what Christians do to show their faith, and make connections with some Christian beliefs and teachings Word of lesson: Bible	Long term learning: Which religion has Sukkot? (Judaism) What is the Jewish Holy Book called?

			(Torah)
To know Christian symbols and signs	What symbols are important to the Christian religion?	Describe some examples of what Christians do to show their faith, and make connections with some Christian beliefs and teachings Word of lesson: cross	Long term learning: Where do Jews worship? (Synagogue) What did Jesus die on? (cross)
Year 3 Term 2	\	What happened in the Nativity story?	
Links to prior learning		Year 2 term 2	
Vocabulary	Manger franking	cense inn Nazareth myrrh census	Herod
Learning objectives	Context	Skills	Knowledge
To understand who Mary and Joseph were	Where is Nazareth? Who were Mary and Joseph?	Retell some stories behind festivals (e.g. Christmas, Divali, Pesach) Word of lesson: Nazareth	Long term learning: What is celebrated at Christmas? What traditions occur at Christmas?
To understand the journey Mary and Joseph made	Why did Mary and Joseph have to make a journey? Where did they travel?	Retell some stories behind festivals (e.g. Christmas, Divali, Pesach) Word of lesson: census	Long term learning Where do Christians worship? (Church) What is the Christian Holy Book called? (Bible)
To understand what happened at the birth of Jesus	Where was Jesus born and why?	Retell some stories behind festivals (e.g. Christmas, Divali, Pesach) Word of lesson: inn	Long term learning: Why did Mary and Joseph have to travel to Bethlehem? (census) What symbol is special to Jews?

			(Star of David)
To understand what happened after Jesus was born	Who came to visit Jesus when he was born?	Retell some stories behind festivals (e.g. Christmas, Divali, Pesach) Word of lesson: Frankincense	Long term learning Where was Jesus born?(In a stable) Who were Jesus' parents? (Mary and Joseph)
To understand what happened after Jesus was born	Who came to visit Jesus when he was born?	Retell some stories behind festivals (e.g. Christmas, Divali, Pesach) Word of lesson: myrh	Long term learning What is the name of the Jewish Holy Books? (Torah) What is the name of the Jewish place of worship? (Synagogue)
To understand who King Herod was	Was everyone happy that Jesus was born?	Retell some stories behind festivals (e.g. Christmas, Divali, Pesach) Word of lesson: Herod	Long term learning What gifts was Jesus given? (Gold, Frankincense, Myrrh) Who do Christians believe Jesus was? (Son of God)
Year 3 Term 3	Why i	s the Bible important for Christians today?	
Links to prior learning			
Vocabulary	old testament new to	estament scripture parable disciple Holy Bo	ok sacred
Learning objectives	Context	Skills	Knowledge
To understand what makes something sacred	What makes an item sacred?	Recognise that sacred texts contain stories which are special to many people and should be treated with respect Word of lesson: sacred	Long term learning: What is the Jewish Holy Book called? (Torah) What is the Christian Holy Book called?

			(Bible)
To understand who	Who wrote the Bible?	Describe some examples of what Christians do to	Long term learning:
wrote the Bible		show their faith, and make connections with some	Which religion celebrates
		Christian beliefs and teachings	Bah Mitvah?
			(Judaism)
		Word of lesson: scripture	Which religion celebrates
			Aquiquah?
			(Islam)
To understand there	Is everything in the Bible the same?	Talk about the stories used in religion and why	Long term learning:
are different text	What different types of writing are in the	people still read them	Who do Christians believe is
types in the Bible	Bible?		the son of God?
		Word of lesson: Old Testament/New Testament	(Jesus)
			In which religion do they
			pray 5 times per day?
			(Islam)
To understand the	What lesson do stories from the Bible	Re-tell stories from the Bible; suggest the meaning	Long term learning
importance of stories	teach Christians?	of the stories	How many parts is the Bible
in the Bible			split into? (2)
		Word of lesson: parable	What are they called? (Old
			Testament, New testament)
To understand how	What do Christians believe that the Bible	Re-tell stories from the Bible; suggest the meaning	Long term learning
Christians use	teaches them?	of the stories	What is the Bible?
The Bible		Talk about the issues of good, bad, right and wrong	(Christian Holy Book)
		from these stories	What is remember at
			Easter?
		Word of lesson: disciple	(Death of Jesus)
To consider what is	What is sacred to you?	Suggest their own ideas about what is sacred	Long term learning
sacred			In which testament is Jesus'
		Word of lesson: special	life written about?
			(New Testament)

What	does it mean to be a Sikh in Britain today?	
	Year 2 term 2, year 3 term 1	
Guru Granth Sahib Guru Nanak Gu	ru Gobind Singh Gurdwara Khanda Vaisakhi kara kangha	kesh kirpan kachera
Context	Skills/Knowledge	
Who are Sikhs? How did the religion begin?	 Ask questions and give ideas about what matters most to believers in festivals (e.g. Easter, Eid) (B2). Explore and suggest ideas about what is worth celebrating and remembering in religious communities and in their own lives (C1). Word of lesson: Sikhism 	Long term learning: Which religion worships in a Synagogue? (Judaism) Which religion workshops in a Church? (Christians)
What do Sikhs believe in?	Explore and suggest ideas about what is worth celebrating and remembering in religious communities and in their own lives (C1). Word of lesson: Guru Nanak	Long term learning Where was Judaism founded? (Israel) What happens at lent? (Christians give something up)
Where do Sikhs worship?	Explore and suggest ideas about what is worth celebrating and remembering in religious communities and in their own lives (C1). Word of lesson: Gurdwara	Long term learning: How many times for Muslims pray a day? (5) What is the Jewish holy book called?
	Guru Granth Sahib Guru Nanak Gu Context Who are Sikhs? How did the religion begin? What do Sikhs believe in?	Guru Granth Sahib Guru Nanak Guru Gobind Singh kara Gurdwara Khanda Vaisakhi Context Skills/Knowledge Who are Sikhs? How did the religion begin? • Ask questions and give ideas about what matters most to believers in festivals (e.g. Easter, Eid) (B2). • Explore and suggest ideas about what is worth celebrating and remembering in religious communities and in their own lives (C1). Word of lesson: Sikhism What do Sikhs believe in? • Explore and suggest ideas about what is worth celebrating and remembering in religious communities and in their own lives (C1). Word of lesson: Guru Nanak * Explore and suggest ideas about what is worth celebrating and remembering in religious communities and in their own lives (C1).

To describe Sikh festivals	What festivals take place in the Sikh religion?	Make connections between stories, symbols and beliefs with what happens in at least two festivals Word of lesson: Vaisakhi	Long term learning: Name a Christian festival (Christmas, Easter, Lent) Which religion celebrates Sukkot? (Judaism)
To recognise the Sikh Holy Book	What Holy Book do Sikhs use?	Word of lesson: The Guru Granth Sahib	Long term learning: Where do Sikhs worship? (Gurdwara) Name a Sikh festival (Vaisakhi)
To understand the meaning of Sikh symbols	What do these Sikh symbols represent?	Word of lesson: 5 Ks	Long term learning What is the SIkh Holy Book called? (Guru Granth Sahib Who founded Sikhism? (Guru Nanak)
Year 4 Term 1 & 2	\M/hat a	loos it maan ta ha a Hindu in Britain taday?	
Link to prior learning	vviiat t	loes it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today? Year 2 term 2, year 3 term 1	
Vocabulary	Hinduism	Brahma Diwali mandir India murti Aum	
Learning objectives	Context	Skills	Knowledge
To know where Hindusim originated from	Who are Hindus? Where did the religion originate from?	Describe some examples of what Hindus do to show their faith, Describe some ways in which Hindus express their faith Word of lesson: Hinduism	
To explain the main Hindu beliefs	What do Hindu's believe in?	 Make connections with some Hindu beliefs and teachings about aims and duties in life 	

		Word of lesson: India	
To understand the special places related to Hinduism	Where is a special place for Hindus?	 Make connections with some Hindu beliefs and teachings about aims and duties in life Discuss links between the actions of Hindus in helping others and ways in which people of other faiths and beliefs, including pupils themselves, help others Word of lesson: mandir 	
To know some of the festivals related to Hinduism	What festivals do Hindus celebrate?	 Make connections with some Hindu beliefs and teachings about aims and duties in life Make connections between stories, symbols and beliefs with what happens in at least two festivals Word of lesson: Diwali 	
To recognise the holy book in Hinduism	What is the Holy Book called for Hindus?	 Make connections with some Hindu beliefs and teachings about aims and duties in life Word of lesson: Veda 	
To understand the meaning of signs and symbols	What do these Hindu signs and symbols represent?	 Make connections with some Hindu beliefs and teachings about aims and duties in life Word of lesson: Aum 	
V 4 T 2 O 2	144		
Year 4 Term 2 & 3 Links to prior learning	What de	oes it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	
Vocabulary	Islam Muslim mosque	Muhammed Allah prophet Ramadan I	Eid-Al-fitr Qu'ran
Learning objectives	Context	Skills	Knowledge
To explain where Islam was founded and who founded the Muslim faith.	Who is a Muslim? What is Islam?	 Make connections between Muslim practice of the Five Pillars and their beliefs about God and the Prophet Muhammad Make connections between the key functions of the mosque and the beliefs of Muslims. 	Long term learning What are the items called worn by Sikhs? (5 Ks)

To explain the key beliefs held by	What are the main beliefs of a Muslim?	 Describe the forms of guidance a Muslim uses and compare them to forms of guidance experienced by the pupils Word of lesson: Islam Make connections between Muslim practice of 	What is the Jewish place of worships called? (Synagogue) What is the Christian Holy Book called? (Bible) Long term learning:
Muslims		 the Five Pillars and their beliefs about God and the Prophet Muhammad Make connections between the key functions of the mosque and the beliefs of Muslims. Describe the forms of guidance a Muslim uses and compare them to forms of guidance experienced by the pupils Word of lesson: Muhammed 	Who are the people called that follow Islam? (Muslims) What is celebrated at Christmas? (Birth of Jesus) Wo founded Sikhism? (Guru Nanak)
To explain the key features in a Muslim's place of worship.	What is a Muslim place of worship called?	 Describe what the Mosque is used for Make connections between the key functions of the mosque and the beliefs of Muslims. Word of lesson: mosque 	Long term learning What is the name of the God that Muslims believe in? (Allah) Who is the prophet of Islam? (Muhammed) What is the name of Hindu place of worships? (mandir)
To name and explain the key Muslim festivals.	What festivals does a Muslim celebrate?	Make connections between Muslim practice of the Five Pillars and their beliefs about God and the Prophet Muhammad	Long term learning What is the name of an Islam place of worship? (Mosque)

To explain what the Muslim holy book is and how it is used. To recognise the main symbol associated with Islam	What is the Holy Book called for a Muslim? Is there a sign related to Islam?	Muslims, and how it makes a difference to how they live Describe and reflect on the significance of the Holy Qur'an to Muslims Word of lesson: Qu'ran • Make connections between Muslim practice of the Five Pillars and their beliefs about God and the Prophet Muhammad • Make connections between the key functions of the mosque and the beliefs of Muslims. • Describe the forms of guidance a Muslim uses	How many items do Sikhs have to wear on them? (5) Name a Sikh festival (Vaisakhi) Long term learning Name an Islamic festival (Eid, Ramadan) What is the name of a Sikh place of worship? (Gurdwara) What is the name of the Jewish Holy Book? (Torah) Long term learning Where was Judaism founded? (Israel) What is the name of the Muslim Holy Book?
· ·		 the Prophet Muhammad Make connections between the key functions of the mosque and the beliefs of Muslims. 	founded? (Israel) What is the name of the
Year 4 Term 4		What is the significance of Good Friday?	1, ,
Links to prior learning		Year 1 term 4, Year 2 term 2,	
	Co. alfi la co. La colo	resurrection disciples sacrifice priests Pontiu	s Pilate cross
Vocabulary	Crucifixion tomb	resurrection disciples sacrifice priests Pontiu	s Pilate cross

To recount the Easter story	What happens in the Easter story?	 Make connections between stories, symbols and beliefs with what happens in at least two festivals (A2). Ask questions and give ideas about what matters most to believers in festivals Word of lesson: disciples 	Long term learning What is celebrated at Christmas? (Birth of Jesus) How many parts if the Bible split into? (2) What are the parts called? (Old and New testament)
To understand what happened at the 'Last Supper'	What did Jesus say at the 'Last Supper'?	 Make connections between stories, symbols and beliefs with what happens in at least two festivals (A2). Ask questions and give ideas about what matters most to believers in festivals Word of lesson: Pontius Pilate 	Long term learning What was given to Moses? (The Ten Commandments) How many Gods do Christians believe in? (1) Who do Christians believe Jesus was? (Son of God)
To recognise how prayer is related to Good Friday	Why may people pray on Good Friday?	 Make connections between stories, symbols and beliefs with what happens in at least two festivals (A2). Ask questions and give ideas about what matters most to believers in festivals Word of lesson: crucifixion 	Long term learning Who did Jesus have a last supper with? (disciples) Who was Jesus's parents? (Mary and Joseph) Where was Jesus born(In a stable)
To relate Jesus' love with a more recent story	Who was Maximilien Kolbe? How can we relate his story to that of Jesus?	 Make connections between stories, symbols and beliefs with what happens in at least two festivals (A2). Ask questions and give ideas about what matters most to believers in festivals Identify how and say why it makes a difference in people's lives to believe in God (B1). 	Long term learning What happened on Good Friday? (Jesus died on the cross) What was the name of the Roman who sentenced Jesus to death?

		Word of lesson: sacrifice	(Pontius Pilate)
To understand the link between the cross and resurrection	What does resurrection mean? What is the link with the Christian symbol of the cross?	 Ask questions and suggest some of their own responses to ideas about God (C1). Identify how and say why it makes a difference in people's lives to believe in God Word of lesson: resurrection 	Long term learning In which testament is the story of Jesus told? (New) How many days did it take for God to create the world according to Christians? (6 with 1 day of rest) What did Jesus ride on Palm Sunday? (donkey)
To understand how eggs represent new life.	Why do we give Easter eggs at Easter? What do they represent?	Word of lesson: tomb	Long term learning What happened on Easter Sunday? (Jesus rose from the dead) What is the name of the Islam place of worship? (mosque) What is the name of the Islam holy book? (Qu'ran)
To apply what I have learnt about the role of food in religions to plan a feast event.	When may we eat a feast?	Explain similarities and differences between the way religions live their lives and the codes they follow. Word of lesson: Eid	Long term learning What is given at Easter and why? (egg – represents new life) What symbol is important to Christians? (cross) What symbol is important to Jews> (Star of David)
Year 4 Term 5		What role does food play in religion?	

Links to prior learning	Year 3 term 1		
Vocabulary	Fasting	g abstain Ramadan kosher lent Eid	
Learning objectives	Context	Skills	Knowledge
To discuss the different ways food is thought about and used in our everyday lives.	How do we think about food?	Make links between teachings and the way that people live their lives Word of lesson: lent	Long term learning Which religion prays 5 times per day? (Muslims) What is celebrated at Christmas? What is remembered at Easter?
To explore religious rules about food and know what 'kosher' is	Are there any religious rules about food?	Make links between teachings and the way that people live their lives Word of lesson: abstain	Long term learning What is the name of the Jewish place of worship? (Synagogue) What is the name of the Muslim place of worship? (Mosque) What is the name of the Sikh place of worship? (Gurdwara)
To explore the different effects of abstaining from something.	Why may someone give up food?	Give examples of ways in which believers put their beliefs about others and the world into action, making links with religious stories Word of lesson: fasting	Long term learning What do Christians do at lent? (Give something up) How many parts if the Bible split into? (2) What rules do Jews/Christians follow?

			(The ten commandments)
To explore how and why religious believers fast	What does fasting mean?	Identify that religions believe that serving others and supporting the poor are important parts of being a religious believer Identify some ways that Muslims mark Ramadan Word of lesson: Ramadan	Long term learning Which religion worships Allah? (Islam) Which religion is founded by Guru Nanak? (Sikhism) Which religion celebrates the festival of Eid? (Islam)
To understand how food is used for celebration in religions.	What food do we eat when we celebrate?	Give examples of rules for living for certain religions. Explain similarities and differences between the way religions lives. Word of lesson: Kosher	Long term learning What do Muslims do at Ramadan? (fast) What do Christians do at lent? (Give something up) What do Christians remember at lent? (Jesus time in the desert for 40 days and nights)
Voor F Towns 4		What do noticions on about fouriveness?	
Year 5 Term 1	v	Vhat do religions say about forgiveness?	
Link to prior learning	Forgive	Year 3 term 4	btfold noth
Vocabulary Learning objectives	Forgive repent Context	peace Yom Kippur confess atonement eig Skills	htfold path Knowledge
			Knowledge
To explore the	What is forgiveness?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing	
concept of forgiveness.		them with the ideas of others they have studied	
ioigiveness.		Explain similarities and differences between the	
		way religions live their lives and the codes they	
		follow.	
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		Word of lesson: forgive	
To explore and discuss what Jews believe about forgiveness	What does Judaism teach about forgiveness?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Explain similarities and differences between the way religions live their lives and the codes they follow. Word of lesson: repent	
To explore the significance of Yom Kippur for Jews.	What is Yom Kippur?	Explain similarities and differences between the way religions live their lives and the codes they follow. Word of lesson: Yom Kippur	
To explore what Buddhists believe about forgiveness.	What does Buddhism teach about forgiveness?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Explain similarities and differences between the way religions live their lives and the codes they follow. Word of lesson: eightfold path	
To compare forgiveness in Buddhism and Judaism.	Are there any similarities or differences between religious views on forgiveness?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied	

To create and	What symbol may represent	Explain similarities and differences between the way religions live their lives and the codes they follow. Word of lesson: atonement Word of lesson: peace	
explain a symbol for forgiveness.	forgiveness?	·	
Year 5 Term 2		What does worship mean?	
Links to prior learning			
Vocabulary		prayer scripture respect holy expression fait	
Learning objectives	Context	Learning objectives	Context
To consider how worth is determined and what has worth to me	What does having worth mean?	Select and describe the most important functions of a place of worship for the community . Word of lesson: faith	Long term learning Which religion does not have a God? (Buddhism) Where was Hinduism founded? (India) Name the Hindu place of worship (mandir)
To reflect upon how music makes us feel and why it is used for religious worship.	What type of music may you hear in a place of worship?	Describe and make connections between examples of religious creativity (buildings) (A1). Show understanding of the value of sacred buildings and art Word of lesson: diversity	Long term learning Name the Jewish place of worship (Synagogue) Name the Sikh place of worship (Gurdwara)

			Name the Hindu place of worship (mandir)
To discuss why and	What is prayer and how is it important	Describe and make connections between examples	Long term learning
how religious	to religions?	of religious creativity (buildings) (A1).	How many times a day do
believers pray.			Muslims pray for? (5)
		Show understanding of the value of sacred	Which religion has more
		buildings and art	than 1 god? (Hinduism)
			Which religions believe Jesus
		Word of lesson: prayer	was the son of God?
			(Christians/Jews)
To compare	How is art used as a form of worship?	Describe and make connections between examples	Long term learning
expressions of		of religious creativity (buildings) (A1).	What festival is the most
worship in art.		Show understanding of the value of sacred	important for Jews? (Yom
		buildings and art	Kippur)
			Name a Hindu festival:
		Word of lesson: expression	(Diwali)
			Name a Sikh festival
			(Vaisakhi)
To investigate how	What artefacts are used in religions?	Describe and make connections between examples	Long term learning
artefacts are used as		of religious creativity (buildings) (A1).	
objects of worship			Name the Jewish Holy Book
within different		Show understanding of the value of sacred	(Torah)
religions		buildings and art	Name the Christian Holy
			Book (Bible)
		Word of lesson: respect	Name the Sikh Holy Book
			(Guru Granth Sahib)
To explore what	What is meant by religious freedom?	Word of lesson: holy	Long term learning
religious freedom is			What is the word called for
			wrong doing? (sin)

and how people use it.			How many parts is the Bible split into? (2) Who founded Sikhism? (Guru Nanak)
Year 5 Term 3 & 4		Was Jesus' death part of God's plan?	
Links to prior learning		Year 4 term 4, Year 4 term 3	
Vocabulary	Crucifixion fre	e will determinism destiny sacrifice ch	noice
Learning objectives	Context	Learning objectives	Context
To remember key events in Holy Week and begin to question them.	What are the main events of the Easter story?	Outline Jesus' teaching on how his followers should live Explain the impact Jesus' example and teachings might have on Christians today Identify the most important parts of Easter for Christians and say why they are important Word of lesson: crucifixion	Long term learning What is remembered at Easter? What happened on Good Friday? (Jesus was crucified) What happened on Easter Sunday? (Jesus rose from the tomb)
To understand the terms 'free will' and 'determinism' and can relate these terms to the crucifixion	What does 'free will' and 'determinism' mean? What part did they play in the Easter story?	Outline Jesus' teaching on how his followers should live (A2). Explain the impact Jesus' example and teachings might have on Christians today (B1). Word of lesson: determinism	Long term learning What did Jesus die on? (Cross) What do Muslims do during Ramadan? (fast) What is the festival called at the end of Ramadan? (Eid)

To question if Jesus' life was part of a plan and I can relate these thoughts to my own life.	Was Jesus's life part of a bigger plan?	Offer interpretations of two of Jesus' parables and say what they might teach Christians about how to live Express their own understanding of what Jesus would do in relation to a moral dilemma from the world today Outline Jesus' teaching on how his followers should live Explain the impact Jesus' example and teachings might have on Christians today Express their own understanding of what Jesus would do in relation to a moral dilemma from the world today. Word of lesson: destiny	Long term learning What is the name of the Hindu place of worship? (mandir) What is the name of the Muslim holy book? (Qu'ran) What are the rules called that Christians follow? (The ten commandments)
To analyse events in Holy Week to justify a line of argument.	Are there any parts of the Easter story that suggest Jesus knew what was going to happen?	Ask questions raised by the stories and life of Jesus and followers today, and give examples of how Christians are inspired by Jesus (B1). Word of lesson: free will	Long term learning What does repent me? (ask for forgiveness) What happened on Good Friday (Jesus was crucified) Who did Jesus eat his last supper with (his disciples)
To understand the term 'atonement' and relate it to commitments in my life.	What does 'atonement' mean?	Give simple definitions of some key Christian terms Word of lesson: atonement	Long term learning What is the Bible? (Christian Holy Books) What is the Guru Granth Sahib (Sikh Holy Book)

To relate the experience of Jesus and the idea of a life plan to my own life and choices I make	What plan do I have for my own life?	Present their own ideas about the most important attitudes and values to have today, making links with Christian values Word of lesson: choice	What is the Torah (Jewish Holy Book) Long term learning What should Sikhs wear on them? (5Ks) Who do Christians believe Jesus was? (God's son) What is the name of the God Muslims believe in? (Allah)
			Widshins believe in: (Allan)
Year 5 Terms 5 &		How does faith impact of lives?	
6			
Links to prior	Year 2 term 2, Year 3 term 1, Year 4 term 1		
learning			
Vocabulary	Faith Dalai Lan		auja Singh
Learning objectives	Context	Learning objectives	Context
To retell the story of	Who is Malala Yousafzai?	Give examples of ways in which some inspirational	Long term learning
Malala Yousafzai's		people have been guided by their religion	Which religion has no God?
life.			(Buddhism)
		Word of lesson: Malala Yousafzai	Which is the most important
			festival for Jews?
			(Yom Kippur) What is celebrated at
			Christmas? (Birth of Jesus)
To identify the Dalai	Who was the Dalai Lama? What are his	Give examples of ways in which some inspirational	Long term learning
Lama's beliefs	beliefs?	people have been guided by their religion	Which religion was founded
Lama 3 Scher3	Deficis.	people have been galaca by their religion	in Israel? (Judaism)
		Word of lesson: Dalai Lama	Which religion was founded in India? (Hinduism)

			Which religion was founded by Guru Nanak? (Sikhism)
To explore Rabbi	Who is Rabbi Jonathan Sacks?	Give examples of ways in which some inspirational	Long term learning
Jonathan Sacks'	WITO IS RADDI JOHALHAH SACKS!	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		people have been guided by their religion	Which religion celebrates
beliefs.		Word of lesson: Rabbi Jonathon Sacks	Bah Mitvah? (Judaism)
		word of lesson: Rabbi Jonathon Sacks	Which religion celebrates
			Eid? (Islam)
			Which religion celebrates
			Diwali? (Hinduism)
To explain how Fauja	Who is Fauja Singh? How has his faith	Give examples of ways in which some inspirational	Long term learning
Singh's faith helped	helped him?	people have been guided by their religion	Which religion has an
him.			eightfold path? (Buddhism)
		Word of lesson: Fauja Singh	In which religion do they
			pray 5 times per day? (Islam)
			In which religion must they
			wear a Kirpan? (Sikhism)
To examine the role	What beliefs do you have? How do they	Find out at least two teachings from religions about	Long term learning
of beliefs in my life.	impact on your life?	how to live a good life	What is sin? (Wrongdoing)
		Word of lesson: beliefs	What does repent mean?
			(asking for forgiveness)
			Which religion celebrates
			Sukkot?
			(Judaism)
Year 6 Terms 1 2	\	What does it mean to be a humanist?	
Links to prior			
learning			
Vocabulary	Worldview	humanist atheist agnostic values re	ason
Learning objectives	Context	Learning objectives	Context

To explore what a worldview is.	What is known as a worldview?	Describe some Humanist values simply (B3). Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: world view
To identify the key ideas of influential humanist thinkers	What is a humanist thinker?	Describe some Humanist values simply Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: humanist
To explore the ideas of humanist thinkers.	What ideas do humanist thinkers have?	Describe some Humanist values simply Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: values
To recognise the main beliefs of a humanist	What do humanists believe in?	Describe some Humanist values simply Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of the lesson:
To create a symbol representing a value.	What symbols and signs have a value in our lives?	Word of lesson: reason
To consider scenarios and decide how	How may a humanist respond in different situations?	Describe some Humanist values simply

humanists might respond.		Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: agnostic	
Year 6 Terms 2 & 3		What is meant by justice and freedom?	
Links to prior learning			
Vocabulary	Justice	freedom fairness human rights debate protes	st
Learning objectives	Context	Learning objectives	Context
To examine the concept of freedom.	What does it mean to be free?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: freedom	Long term learning Which religion has more than 1 God? (Hinduism) What do humanists not believe in? (Life after death) Which religion believes in the prophet Muhammed? (Islam)
To examine the concept of justice	What is justice?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: justice	Long term learning Who do Christians believe created the world? (God) Who is Jesus? (Son of God) Who is Guru Nanak? 9he founded Sikhism)
To describe the influence of religious and non-religious world views on the	What are human rights?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied	Long term learning What was given to Moses? (Ten Commandments)

human rights movement.		Word of lesson: human rights	Which religion worships 5 times per day? (Islam) Which religion celebrates the festival of Vaisakhi? (Sikhism)
To describe the influence of religious views on non-violent protest movements.	What is a human rights movement?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: protest	Long term learning Name a way people can express themselves through worship (art, song, prayer) Name the Muslim place of worship (Mosque) Name the Hindu place of worship (mandir)
To examine the concepts of freedom and justice and how they might conflict	What is more important freedom or justice?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Word of lesson: debate	Long term learning What does agnostic mean? (someone who believes there is no proof in a God) Name a religion with only 1 God: Christianity, Judaism, Sikhism, Islam Name a religion with no God: Buddhism, Humanism
Year 6 Term 4		What is eternity?	
Links to prior learning		Year 3 term 1	
Vocabulary	Heaven reind	arnation rebirth eternity mortality	nirvana
Learning objectives	Context	Learning objectives	Context

To analyse the definition of eternity.	What does 'eternity' mean?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied. Consider similarities and differences between beliefs and behaviour in different faiths Word of lesson: eternity	Long term learning What do Buddhists follow to reach Nirvana? (Eightfold path) When do Christians believe that Jesus died? (Easter) What was the name of the Roman who sentenced Jesus to death? (Pontius Pilate)
To investigate popular concepts of immortality.	What does immortality mean?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Consider similarities and differences between beliefs and behaviour in different faiths Word of lesson mortality	Long term learning What does eternity mean? (forever) What is remembered at lent (Jesus walking in the desert for 40 days and nights) What do Muslims do at Ramadan? (Fast)
To examine religious ideas about Heaven	What do religions believe about heaven?	Describe some Christian and Humanist values simply (Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Consider similarities and differences between beliefs and behaviour in different faiths Word of lesson: nirvana	Long term learning Name a religious festival and the religion is belongs to: Yom Kippur –Judaism Diwali – Hinduism Vaisakhi – Sikhism Easter/Christmas/Lent – Christianity Ramadan/Eid – Islam

To understand the concepts of reincarnation and emancipation from life	What is reincarnation? Which religions believe in this?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Consider similarities and differences between beliefs and behaviour in different faiths	Long term learning What does immortality mean? (To live forever) What does a humanist believe in? (No life after death)
		Word of lesson: reincarnation	
To explore humanist ideas of eternity	What does a humanist believe about eternity?	Express their own ideas about some big moral concepts, such as fairness or honesty comparing them with the ideas of others they have studied Consider similarities and differences between beliefs and behaviour in different faiths	Long term learning Why is an egg used as a symbol at Easter? (represents new life/Jesus rising from the tomb) Why is a cross an important symbols for Christians? (symbolises cross that Jesus
		Word of lesson: rebirth	died on)
To compare and	Does everybody believe the same about	Consider similarities and differences between	Long term learning
contrast ideas about	eternity?	beliefs and behaviour in different faiths	Give a fact that you can
eternity.			remember about any of the
		Word of lesson: heaven	religions studied.