PSHE LONG TERM OVERVIEW

	Term 1	Term 2	Term 3	Term 4	Term 5	Term 6
Year 1	Family and	relationships	Health & wellbeing	Economic wellbeing	Safety and changing body	Citizenship
Year 2	Family and relationships	Health & wellbeing	Safety and changing body	Economic wellbeing		Citizenship
Year 3	Safety and changing body	Health & wellbeing	Family and I	relationships	Citizenship	Economic wellbeing
Year 4	Family and	relationships	Health & wellbeing	Economic wellbeing	Citizenship	Safety and changing body
Year 5	Family and	relationships	Economic wellbeing	Citizenship	Health & wellbeing	Safety and changing body
Year 6	Economic wellbeing	Citizenship	Health & wellbeing	Family and	relationships	Safety and changing body

The Craylands School S.T.A.R. KS1 Long term subject: PSHE

Year 1 Knowledge End points	Year 2 Knowledge End points
To know what a family is and does	Year 1 knowledge
To recognise positive friendships	To know what a family should offer us
To recognise exercise as positive	To recognise harmful friendships
To know what germs are	To know what manners are
To know the dangers of the sun	To recognise feelings
To know what money is	To know how to eat healthily
To know what to do if you get lost	To know how to look after your teeth
To know when to ring 999	To know what the internet is
To understand class rules	To know what a bad touch is
To begin to recognise similarities and differences between people	To know how to stay safe on the roads
	To understand what a medicine is
	To know where money comes from
	To know what a bank does
	To know the importance of rules

Year 1 Term 1	Family and Relationships					
Link to prior learning						
Vocabulary	Behaviour care emotio	ns family fe	elings friend	friendly	problem	stereotype
Learning objectives	Context			Sta	tutory guida	nce

To understand that families look after us	What is a family?	Families and people who care for me >Pupils should know that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability. Families and people who care for me >Pupils should know the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. Word of the lesson: Family
To begin to understand the importance and characteristics of positive friendships	What are friendships?	Caring friendships >Pupils should know how important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends. Caring friendships> Pupils should know the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties Word of the lesson:Friend
To recognise how others show	How do we know how someone is feeling?	Caring friendships: Pupils should understand the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness,

feelings and how to respond		loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties. Respectful relationships: Pupils should know the practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships. Word of the lesson: Feelings
To begin to understand how friendships can make us feel	Who is your friend?	Caring friendships >Pupils should understand that friendships are important for making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends. Caring friendships >Pupils should understand the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and friendships Word of the lesson: Friendly
To begin to understand that friendships can have problems but we can overcome them	What should you do if you fall out with a friend?	Respectful relationships: Children should know that there are practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships. Word of the lesson: Problem

To understand that families look after us	What is a family?	Families and people who care for me >Pupils should know that families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability.
		Families and people who care for me >Pupils should know the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. Word of the lesson: care
Year 1 Term 2	Health	h & Wellbeing
Link to prior learning		
Vocabulary	Allergy emotions feelings g	germs ill (poorly) qualities relax
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance
To describe and understand feelings	How are you feeling? What words can you use to describe it?	That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. Long term learning: Name someone in your family.
		How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a

		varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. Word of the lesson: Emotion	
To celebrate own strengths	What are you good at? What goals can you set yourself?	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness	Long term learning: Name a feeling
		Word of the lesson: qualities	
To understand the importance of	How do you feel after exercise? How do you know when you need rest?	the importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and	Long term learning:
exercise and rest		that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn	What should a friend be like?
		Word of the lesson: feelings	
To know how to relax	What can we do to relax?	Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of	Long term learning:
		rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	How do you feel after exercise?
		Word of the lesson: relax	
		That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.	

To know what germs are and how to prevent them spreading	What are germs? How can we stop them spreading?	 Health and prevention: about personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and the importance of washing 	Long term learning: What can you do to relax?
		Word of the lesson: germs	
To understand the risks of the sun	Why do we need to keep safe in the sun?	 Health and prevention: about safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer 	Long term learning: How can we stop germs spreading?
		Word of the lesson: safe	
To understand who keeps us	Which people can help keep us healthy?	Word of the lesson: ill (poorly)	Long term learning:
healthy			What should you put on when it is sunny?
Year 1 Term 3	Econor	nic Wellbeing	
Link to prior learning			
Vocabulary	Bank Bank account Cash Choice	Earn Job Money Pocket money S	Save
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To know what money is	What is money? What do we do with it?	what money is - that money comes in different forms	Long term learning:
		Word of the lesson: Money	How can we protect ourselves from the sun?

To know how to keep money safe	How do we keep money safe?	 how money is obtained (e.g. earned, won, borrowed, presents) 	Long term learning:
Reep money sare		Word of the lesson: Pocket money	What can we do with money?
To know what	What do people do with money? What is a	 how people make choices about 	Long term
people choose to	bank?	what to do with money,	learning:
do with money		including spending and saving	How can we keep
		how to keep money safe and the	money safe?
		different ways of doing this	
		Word of the lesson: Bank	
To understand why	What is the difference between spending and	the difference between needs and	Long term
some people save	saving money?	wants - that people may not	learning:
		always be able to have the things	What is a bank?
		they want	
		Word of the lesson: Save	
Year 1 Term 4	Safety an	d changing body	
Link to prior learning			
Vocabulary	Emergency medicir	ne safety lost trouble	
Learning objectives	Context		
To know people	Who can you think of that keeps people safe?	how to respond safely and	Long term learning:
who can keep us		appropriately to adults they may	isairiiig.
safe in school		encounter (in all contexts, including	Name a
		online) whom they do not know	member of your family.
		Word of the lesson: safety	your raining.

To understand ways of seeking help outside of school	How can we get help if we are in trouble?	how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know how to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult Word of the lesson: trouble	Long term learning: What can we do to stop spreading germs?
To know what to do if you get lost	What do we do if you get lost?	how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know Word of the lesson: lost	Long term learning: Who can keep us safe?
To understand when to ring 999	When would you ring 999?	how to get help if there is an accident and someone is hurt, including how to dial 999 in an emergency and what to say Word of the lesson: emergency	Long term learning: What should you do if you get lost?
To recognise appropriate contact	What is appropriate and inappropriate contact?	that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact	Long term learning: What should you ring 999?

To know what should not be put into the body		Pupils should know the facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.	
		Word of the lesson: medicine	
To recognise dangers at home	What are the dangers at home?	I VVOIG OI LIIO IOOOOII. GAIIGOIO	Long term learning:
			How can you keep money safe?
Year 1 Term 6	Ci	itizenship	
Link to prior learning			
Vocabulary	Care Democracy Different Fair Pet	Responsibility Rule Similar Unique	Vote
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To begin to understand the	What are our class rules?	1 1000 di libilia Willy Taloo di O	Long term learning:
importance of rules		Word of the lesson: rules	Who helps us?
To understand that animals have	Do we look after all our pets in the same way?		Long term learning:
different needs and how to care for them			What should a friend be like?
To begin to understand the needs of babies	What do babies and young children need?	Word of the leddon dard	Long term learning:

and young children			How should we look after our pets?
To begin to recognise ways in	How are we similar and different to each other?	Exploring the differences between people	Long term learning:
which we are the same and different to other people		Word of the lesson: differences	What does a baby need?
To understand the range of groups	What groups do we belong to?	Recognising the groups that we belong to	Long term learning:
people belong to		Word of the lesson: similar	Think of way you are different from others.
To begin to understand the	What are our class rules?	 Recognising why rules are necessary. 	Long term learning:
importance of rules		Word of the lesson: democracy	How does a family look after us?
Year 2 Term 1	Family a	ind relationships	
Link to prior learning	To understand that families look after us. To know some words to describe how people are related (eg family is personal. To understand some characteristics of a positive friendship. To understand that friendships can have problems but that to know that it is called stereotyping when people think of the	aunty, cousin). To know that some information abo	ut me and my
Vocabulary	Friendship Love Manners Feeling		espect
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	

To begin to understand the role of the family in their lives	What does a family offer us?	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability. That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. Word of the lesson: family	Long term learning: What different types of feelings can you think of?
To begin to understand the range of families they may encounter now and in the future	Are all families the same?	That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised relationship. Word of the lesson: stereotype	
To recognise how others show feelings in different ways and how to respond	How do we show how we are feeling?	Caring friendships: that healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded.	Long term learning: What should a friend be like?

		Respectful relationships practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve	
		or support respectful relationships.	
To begin to understand that some friendships might make us feel unhappy and how to deal with this	What makes us unhappy in a friendship?	Word of the lesson: Feelings How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed. Long term learning: When should you ring 9999	
To begin to understand the	What are manners?	Word of the lesson: Friendship The conventions of courtesy and manners Long term learning:	
conventions of courtesy and manner		Word of the lesson: Manners What does a bank do?	
Year 2 Term 2	Health	and wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	To understand we can limit the spread of germs by having good hand hygiene. To know the five S's for sun safety: slip, slop, slap, shade, sunglasses. To know that certain foods and other things can cause allergic reactions in some people To know that sleep helps my body to repair itself, to grow and restores my energy. To know that strengths are things we are good at. To know that qualities describe what we are like. To know the words to describe some positive and negative emotions.		
Learning objectives	Diet emotions exercise goal Context	healthy relaxation skill strengths Statutory guidance	

To describe a range of feelings and develop simple strategies for managing them	What words can we use to describe how we feel?	how to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings Word of the lesson: emotions	Long term learning: What are manners?
To understand the benefits of physical activity	Is exercise good for us?	The benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors, community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness Physical health and fitness The importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise	Long term learning: What makes us unhappy in a friendship?
To use breathing exercises to relax	How can we use breathing to help us relax?	Word of the lesson: exercise Mental wellbeing Pupils should know:	Long term learning: What exercise is good for us?

		almosts and annotable to the	
		simple self-care techniques,	
		including the importance of rest, time	
		spent with friends and family and the	
		benefits of hobbies and interests.	
		that mental wellbeing is a normal	
		part of daily life, in the same way as	
		physical health	
		Word of the lesson: relaxation	
To understand	What are we good at? What can we be better	Word of the lesson: strengths	Long term learning:
their strengths	at?		ioairiirig.
and set			Why do people
themselves			have hobbies?
achievable goals			
To understand	What does it mean to eat healthily?	What constitutes a healthy diet	Long term learning:
what it means to		(including understanding calories	learning.
have a healthy		and other nutritional content)	What should
diet		The principles of planning and	you do if you get
		preparing a range of healthy meals	lost?
		The characteristics of a poor diet and	
		risks associated with unhealthy	
		eating (including, for example,	
		obesity and tooth decay) and other	
		behaviours (e.g. the impact of	
		alcohol on diet or health)	
		,	
		Word of the lesson: diet	

To understand	How can we look after our teeth?	about dental health and the benefits	Long term
ways of looking	The Wisalian We look after our teethin	of good oral hygiene and dental	learning:
after our teeth		flossing, including regular check-ups	How can we
		at the dentist	prevent the
			spread of germs?
		Word of the lesson: healthy	gomes
Year 2 Term 3	•	d changing body	
Link to prior learning	To know that some types of physical contact are never appro	•	
	To know that an emergency is a situation where someone is I		ed.
Vocabulary	To know that the emergency services are the police, fire serv Medicine pedestriar		
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand	What is the internet? How can we use it?	Pupils should know that for most	Long term
what the internet	What is the internet: now can we use it:	people the internet is an integral	learning:
is and how it can		part of life and has many benefits.	
help us.		part of mo and has many serients.	How can you look after your teeth?
11016 401		Word of the lesson: private	,
To understand	How can we stay safe using the internet?	That the same principles apply to	Long term
how to stay safe		online relationships as to face-to-	learning:
when using the		face relationships, including the	What do we do
internet.		importance of respect for others	on the internet?
		online including when we are	
		anonymous.	
		That people sometimes behave	
		differently online, including by	
		pretending to be someone they are	
		not.	

		How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private. Word of the lesson: secret	
To begin to understand the difference between secrets and surprises.	When may we be surprised? What may we need to keep a secret? What should we not keep a secret?	about the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe Word of the lesson: surprise	Long term learning: When should we not keep a secret?
To understand safe and unsafe touches	What is a safe touch? What is an unsafe touch?	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard.	Long term learning: How can we stay safe in the sun?
To understand ways to keep safe on and near roads.	How do we keep safe near roads?	Word of the lesson: pedestrian	Long term learning: What makes us unhappy in a friendship?

To begin to understand how to stay safe with medicines	What are medicines for?	The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking	Long term learning: How can we keep safe on roads?
		Word of the lesson: medicine	
Year 2 Term 4	Econo	mic Wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	To know that coins and notes have different values. To know some of the ways children may receive money. To know that it is wrong to steal money.		
Vocabulary	Coins Need	Notes Priority Want	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand where money comes from	Where do we get money from?	what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources Word of the lesson: coins	Long term learning: How can we stay safe on the internet?
To begin to understand the difference between wants and needs	What things do we need to have in our lives?	about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want Word of the lesson: needs	Long term learning: What should a friend be like?
Understanding how saving can help us to buy the things we want	What can we do if we want to buy something that we can not afford?	that people make different choices about how to save and spend money	Long term learning:

		Word of the lesson: wants	What things do we need to have in our lives?
Understand that banks look after	What does a bank do?	that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this	Long term learning:
money and the benefits of bank accounts		Word of the lesson: priority	What should we do if we can't afford to buy something?
To understand that skills and interests	What may we need to be good at to do certain	that jobs help people to earn	Long term learning:
will help someone	jobs?	money to pay for things and L17. about some of the strengths and	\\/hat doos a h =!
decide what job to		interests someone might need to	What does a bank do?
do		do different jobs	
		Word of the lesson; job	
Year 2 Term 6	Cit	Word of the lesson: job	
		cizenship	
Link to prior learning	To know the rules in school.		
Vocabulary	To understand that people are all different. Environment Ident	tity Job Opinion Rule	
Vocabulary	Environment Ident	ity Job Opinion Rule	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand the	Why do we have rules?	about what rules are, why they are	Long term
importance of	•	needed, and why different rules are	learning:
rules		needed for different situations	What makes a
			friendship
		Word of the lesson: rules	unhappy?

To recognise the role people play in looking after the environment	How can we look after the environment?	about things they can do to help look after their environment Word of the lesson: environment	Long term learning: How can we protect ourselves in the sun?
To begin to understand the roles people have in the community	What do different people do in our community>	about things they can do to help look after their environment and L5. about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community Word of the lesson: job	Long term learning: Why do we have rules?
To recognise similarities and differences between people in the local community	Is everyone the same?	to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people Word of the lesson: opinion	Long term learning: How can we look after the environment?

Year 3 Knowledge End points	Year 4 Knowledge End points	Year 5 Knowledge End points	Year 6 Knowledge End points
To know what to do in an	Year 3 knowledge	Year 3 & 4 knowledge	Year 3, 4 & 5 knowledge
emergency	To recognise good manners	To know what marriage is	To know how banks keep
To understand online safety	To recognise what a	To recognise differences in	money safe
To know what cyberbullying	stereotype is	views towards men and	To know what a loan is
is	To understand what a	women in the past	To consider what job they
To know ways to relax	growth mindset is	To know what	would like in the future
To know how to look after	To begin to understand	discrimination is	To know how diet can
your teeth	what makes good mental	To know what a loan is	impact on the environment
To recognise how families	health	To understand stereotypes	To recognise diversity in a
support each other	To know how we can keep	related to jobs	community
To know what to do if you	track of money	To know what happens	To know what prejudice is
fall out with a friend	To understand some ways	when someone breaks the	To know how the
To recognise the impact of	we can lose money	law	government works
bullying	To know what human rights	To know what parliament is	To understand ways of living
To understand how you can	are	To recognise how to keep	a healthy lifestyle physically
trust	To know why there are age	safe in the sun	and mentally
To know what a community	limits	To know what to do if	To recognise the dangers
is	To recognise the risks of	someone is bleeding	involved with stereotypes
To know what a charity is	being online	To know some ways to keep	To understand the emotions
To recognise what a budget	To understand the risks of	safe online	involved with grieving
is for	smoking		To know the risks involved
			with alcohol
			To know that not all we read
			online is reliable

The Craylands School KS2 Long term subject: PSHE

Year 3 Term 1	Safety and changing body		
Link to prior learning	To know the PANTS rule. To know that I should tell an adult if I see something which makes me uncomfortable online. To understand the difference between secrets and surprises. Exploring ways to stay safe online.		
	Allergic	bullying casualty	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand the role you can play in	Think of a dangerous situation you have ever found yourself in or have seen	how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary	Long term learning:
an emergency	someone else ineven if on the tele. What injuries could we get from different	concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common	Name some feelings.
	situations?	injuries, including head injuries Word of the lesson: casualty	Who makes up a family?
To understand ways we keep ourselves	How can you help someone who has been stung?	how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary	Long term learning:
safe in situations	G The state of the	concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries	What different injuries can you have?
		Word of the lesson: allergic	prevent the spread of germs?
To understand the importance of online	How can we keep ourselves safe online?	Internet and safety harms	Long term learning:
safety		How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display	What is the internet used for?

		respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.	When should you not keep a secret?
		Online relationships	
		That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous	
		Word of the lesson: bullying	
To recognise what cyberbullying is	What is cyberbullying?	Internet and safety harms > Pupils should know:	Long term learning:
		that for most people the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits that the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying and harassment can take place, which can have a negative impact on mental health. where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online	How can we keep ourselves safe online? How can we be unhappy in a friendship?

To understand the choices that people make	What should you do if someone tries to make you do something you do not want to do?	where and how to report concerns and get support with issues online Word of the lesson: cyberbullying The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-takin	Long term learning: What is cyberbullying? How can we stay safe on the roads?
To understand road safety	How can we keep safe when using the roads?	Word of the lesson: road safety	Long term learning: How can we look after our teeth? What should we do if someone tries to make us do something we do not want to?
Year 3 Term 2	Healt	h and wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	Exploring the effect that food and drink can have on my to Exploring some of the benefits of a healthy balanced diet. Suggesting how to improve an unbalanced meal. Exploring strategies to manage different emotions. Developing empathy. Exploring the need for perseverance and developing a ground strategies.	eeth.	
Vocabulary	Alone belonging barriers balance d	iet healthy identity lonely relax stretch	resilience
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	

To understand and plan for a healthy lifestyle including physical activity, rest and diet	How can we lead healthy lives?	Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. Physical and mental fitness The characteristics and mental and physical benefits of an active lifestyle The importance of building regular exercise into daily and weekly routines and how to achieve this; for example walking or cycling to school, a daily active mile or other forms of regular, vigorous exercise. The risks associated with an inactive lifestyle (including obesity).	Long term learning: Why do people have hobbies? Why is sleep important?
		Word of the lesson: healthy	
To perform a range of relaxation stretches	How can we relax?	Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	Long term learning: How important is exercise?
			How can we protect

To understand the different aspects of my identity	What makes me the way I am?	That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health Word of the lesson: relax • That isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support. • Where and how to seek support (including recognising the triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else's mental wellbeing or ability to control	ourselves in the sun? Long term learning: When would you ring 999? How can you stay safe on the internet?
		wellbeing or ability to control their emotions (including issues arising online) Word of the lesson: identity	
To identify my own strengths and begin to see how they can	What am I good at?	Pupils should know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.	Long term learning: How can we
affect others		Word of the lesson: barriers	relax?

To break down barriers into smaller, achievable goals	What can I do to achieve something?	Pupils should know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health Word of the lesson: resilience	What do we need to have as a baby? Long term learning: What can we do with our money? What is a bank for?	
To understand the benefits of healthy eating and dental health	Why should I look after my teeth?	What constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding calories and other nutritional content). The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health). About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist. Word of the lesson: diet	Long term learning: What should we do if we get lost? What different feelings are there?	
Year 3 Term 3	Fa	mily and relationships	1	
Link to prior learning	To know that families can be made up of different people. To know that families may be different to my family. To know some problems which might happen in friendships. To understand that some problems in friendships might be more serious and need addressing.			

	To understand what good manners are. To understand some stereotypes related to jobs.		
Vocabulary	Bullying communicate empa	athy similar stereotype sympathy	trust
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To know families	How do families support each other? Do	That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look	Long term learning:
support each other	they ever have problems? How do they overcome these?	different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. Word of the lesson: stereotype	How can we look after our teeth? How can we relax?
To understand that	Have you ever fallen out with a friend?	Caring friendships	Long term learning:
friendships can have difficulties and how	When this happens how do we deal with it?	Pupils should know that:	
to reconcile these		Most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship	What is cyberbullying?

		is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right. Word of the lesson: empathy	What should we do if someone tries to make us do something we do not want to do?
To recognise the impact of bullying	What is bullying? What impact does it have?	Respectful relationships Pupils should know about: Different types of bullying (including cyber-bullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help Word of the lesson: bullying	Long term learning When should we not keep a secret? How can we stay safe on the road?
To listen and communicate effectively	What happens if we do not listen to each other?	 Respectful relationships Pupils should know the practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships. Word of the lesson: communicate 	Long term learning: What is bullying? What should we do if we are being bullied?
To identify who you can trust	Who do you trust? Why?	What trust is, who to trust and why and what to do if they don't trust someone or someone breaks their trust.	Long term learning: How should a family look after us?

		Word of the lesson: trust	
To recognise and respect differences	 What are the differences between each other? How can we respect these? The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs. Word of the lesson: sympathy 		
Year 3 Term 5		Citizenship	l
Link to prior learning	To know some of the different places where rules apply. To know that some rules are made to be followed by eve To understand that everyone has similarities and differer	•	
Vocabulary	Charity Community Consequence Coun-	cil Law Recycling Rights United Nati	ons (UN)
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To begin to understand the UN	What rights do children have?	about the relationship between rights and responsibilities	Long term learning:
convention on the rights of the child		Word of the lesson: rights	How are we different from each other? When should we ring 999?
To understand the responsibilities of	What should children and adults do for children to have their rights?	about the relationship between rights and responsibilities	Long term learning:
both children and adults to help all children benefit from their rights		Word of the lesson: law	How can we look after ourselves in the sun?

			What is cyberbullying?
To understand the environmental	Why should we recycle?	about the relationship between rights and responsibilities	Long term learning:
benefits of recycling		Word of the lesson: recycling	How can we look after the environment?
			What happens if we do not listen to each other?
To understand the groups which make	Who makes up our community?	ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the	Long term learning:
up the community		environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the	Why should we recycle?
		environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling, food choices)	What can we injure in an accident?
		Word of the lesson: community	
To understand that charities care for	What is a charity?	the importance of having compassion towards others; shared	Long term learning:
others and how people can support them		responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others	How can we look after the environment? Who is part of our community?
		Word of the lesson: charity	

To begin to understand how democracy works in the local area	What is democracy?	Word of the lesson: democracy	Long term learning: What is a charity?
			What is bullying?
Year 3 Term 6		Economic Wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	To know some of the ways in which adults get money. To know the difference between a 'want' and 'need'. To know some of the features to look at when selecting	g a bank account.	
Vocabulary	Budget Expense	Feeling Qualification Stereotype	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand the different ways to pay	How can we pay for things?	about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have	Long term learning:
for things and why people might choose them		about this	What is democracy? How can we
		Word of the lesson: expense	save money?
To understand how to put together a	What is a budget?	to recognise that people make spending decisions based on	Long term learning:
budget		priorities, needs and wants Word of the lesson: budget	How can we look after the environment? Who can be part of a family?
To recognise that money has an impact on how we feel	How can money make us feel?	To identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions	Long term learning: What is a budget?

		Word of the lesson: feeling	Why should we recycle?		
To begin to recognise how ethics can influence our spending decisions	What can make us not want to buy something?	To learn that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fairtrade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity)	Long term learning: How do people relax? What should a friend be like?		
To understand that there are a range of jobs available and to think about what job they might want to do	What job could you do?	to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes and L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older	Long term learning: What is a charity? Who is part of a community?		
To understand that there are stereotypes in the workplace and these should not limit people's career aspirations.	Are there certain jobs for certain people?	Word of the lesson: qualification about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them Word of the lesson: stereotype	Long term learning: What jobs can you think of? What is a budget?		
Year 4 Term 1	Family and Relationships				
Link to prior learning	To know that I can talk to trusted adults or services such as Childline if I experience family problems. To know that bullying can be physical or verbal.				

	To know that bullying is repeated, not a one off event. To know that violence is never the right way to solve a friendship problem To know that trust is being able to rely on someone and it is an important part of relationships. To understand that there are similarities and differences between people.								
Vocabulary	Authority	bereavement	bullying	bystand	der n	manners	permission	respect s	stereotype
Learning objectives		Conte	ext				Statuto	ry guidance	
To develop understanding of courtesy and manners in a range of situations		What are man	ners?		they of respective southers authored The commann	can expect by other should she including ority convention ters	and in wider of to be treate ers, and that ow due respond those in points of courtes ason: manners	ed with in turn ect to ositions of	Long term learning: What makes us unhappy in a friendship? What is a secret?
To begin to understand the physical and emotional boundaries in friendships	Wh	nat makes us goo	od friends?	;	and w do no exclude The ir and g friend What	velcoming of make of ded. mportance giving in reals, peers a	iendships are towards oth thers feel lon e of permissi elationships v and adults. coundaries a friendships w	ers, and ely or on-seeking with	Long term learning: What are manners? How can stop germs from spreading?

		and others (including in a digital context). Word of the lesson: respect	
To understand that my behaviour can have an impact on others	How can I make someone feel a certain way?	Caring friendships > Pupils should know the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support	Long term learning: What makes a good friendship?
		with problems and difficulties. Families and people who care for me > Pupils should know the characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives	What is cyberbullying?
		Word of the lesson: authority	
To understand the impact of bullying	What is bullying? What should you do if you know it is happening?	Respectful relationships > Pupils should know about different types of	Long term learning:
and the responsibility of bystanders to help		bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting	Who makes up a community? Who can we trust?

		bullying to an adult) and how to get help. Word of the lesson: bystander	
To explore stereotypes in fictional characters and think about how these might influence us	What is a stereotype?	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive Word of the lesson: bullying	Long term learning: What is bullying? What is a bystander/
To recognise that stereotypes can relate to a number of factors	What are different stereotypes that exist?	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive Word of the lesson: stereotype	Long term learning: How can we look after the environment? What is a stereotype?
To explore how we can help following a bereavement	How do we feel when someone dies?	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.	Long term learning: How can we look after ourselves in the sun? What would you do if you got lost?

		How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.	
		Word of the lesson: bereavement	
Year 4 Term 3	Healt	h and wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	To understand ways to prevent tooth decay. To know the different food groups and how much of each To understand the importance of belonging. To understand what a problem or barrier is and that these		
Vocabulary	Fluoride healthy mental health em	otions relaxation resilience skill vi	sualise
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand how we can look after our teeth	How do we look after our teeth?	about dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups	Long term learning: What injuries
		at the dentist Word of the lesson:fluoride	can you have? When would you ring 999?
To understand what relaxation feels like	What ways can we relax?	Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the	Long term learning:
To understand that relaxation		benefits of hobbies and interests.	look after the environment?
techniques can be used anywhere		That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.	Why is exercise important?

		Word of the lesson: relaxation	
To develop a growth mindset and understand that mistakes are useful	What is a growth mindset? How are mistakes helpful?	That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.	Long term learning: How do you relax?
		Word of the lesson: resilience	What is recycling?
To identify my own strengths and begin	What are you good at?	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness	Long term learning:
to see how they can affect others		Word of the lesson: skill	Who makes up part of a community? What is a stereotype?
To identify what's important to me and	How can you make yourself happy?	That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as	Long term learning:
to take responsibility for my own		physical health.	What is bullying?
happiness		Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	What makes an happy friendship?
		Word of the lesson: visualise	
To understand a range of emotions	How do you feel in different situations?	That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness)	Long term learning:
		and scale of emotions that all humans	

To begin to understand what mental health is and who can help if I need it	What is mental health and why is it important? Where and (including seeking suschool the are worrie someone ability to compete the competence of the compet	e in relation to different es and situations. dge whether what they are d how they are behaving is te and proportionate ne lesson: emotions d how to seek support recognising the triggers for upport), including whom in ey should speak to if they d about their own or else's mental wellbeing or control their emotions issues arising online). non for people to experience health. For many people he problems can be f the right support is made especially if accessed early	How can you make yourself happy? How can you relax? Long term learning: Name some different emotions. What should you do if you don't want to do something that someone is asking you to do?
	Economic Wellbe	eing	
Link to prior learning	To understand that there are different ways to pay for things. To understand that there are a range of jobs available. To understand that some stereotypes can exist around jobs but these sh	nould not affect people's choices.	

Vocabulary	Bank balance Bank s	tatement Career Debit card	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To begin to understand what makes something good value for	What makes something worth buying?	to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what	Long term learning: What is a bank for?
money		makes something 'good value for money' Word of the lesson: debit card	What do we need to make us happy?
To begin to understand the	How can we keep track on our money?	to recognise that people make spending decisions based on	Long term learning:
importance of keeping track of money		priorities, needs and wants and L21. different ways to keep track of	What is recycling?
money		Word of the lesson: bank balance	What can we use the internet for?
To understand ways money can be lost	How can we lose money?	about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or	Long term learning:
and how this makes people feel		stolen) and ways of keeping money safe	How can we keep safe on the internet?
		Word of the lesson: bank statement	What type of secret should we not keep?
To understand that people's decisions	What makes someone decide to do a certain job?	about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g.	Long term learning:
about their careers		personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or	What is a budget?

can be influenced by a variety of things		businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) and L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older Word of the lesson: career	How do people lose money?
To understand that many people will have more than one job or caree	Do you have to only ever have 1 job?	that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life	Long term learning: What different jobs can people have? What is a stereotype?
Year 4 Term 5		Citizenship	
Link to prior learning	To understand the UN Convention on the Rights of the Ch To understand the role of charities in the community	ild.	
Vocabulary	Authority Cabinet Co Environment Human rights	mmunity Diversity Volunteer Protect Reuse United Nations/UN	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To begin to understand the Human Rights convention	What are human rights?	to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone (This lesson is based on content from Amnesty International) Word of the lesson: Human rights	Long term learning: Why do we have rules? What should a bystander do if they see someone being bullied?

To understand how reusing items benefits the environment	What items can be reused?	ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) Word of the lesson: reuse	Long term learning: What are human rights? What is recycling?
To understand the role of groups in the wider community	What role do you and others play in your community?	about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means Word of the lesson: community	Long term learning: Why are rules important? Who makes up our community?
To understand the contribution groups make to a community	What do different people bring to a community?	about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means Word of the lesson: volunteer	Long term learning: What are the differences in people? How can we relax?
To understand the value of diversity in a community	Is everyone in our community the same?	about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities Word of the lesson: diversity	Long term learning: How do we look after our teeth? How can we prevent germs from spreading?
Year 4 Term 6	Safe	ty and changing body	

Link to prior learning	To understand that cyberbullying is bullying which takes	nlace online				
Link to prior learning	To know the rules for being safe near roads.	Jiace Offilite.				
	To understand that other people can influence our choice	a c				
	To know that it is important to maintain the safety of mys		hoforo givi	na first aid		
Ma sala da ma					Toba	
Vocabulary	Age restriction Asthma	Law Pi	rotect	Public	Toba	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance				
To understand that	Why are their age limits?	Why social	I media,	some com	puter	Long term learning:
age restrictions are		games and	d online	gaming, fo	r	l
designed to protect		example, a		0		How can we look after the
us			5 5.95			environment?
		Mord of the	a lassan	. aga rastria	+ion	How can we stay
		Word of the	e iesson	. age restric	LIOH	safe on the
						internet?
To understand the	How can sharing online be a good and bad	That for mo	ost peop	ole the inte	rnet	Long term learning:
benefits and risks of	thing?	is an integi	ral part	of life and h	nas	What should we do
sharing material	S S	many bene	efits			if someone is
online		How to cor		ne effect of	their	asking us to do
		online action			-	something we do
		how to rec				not want to do?
			_			
		respectful			IIu	How do we keep ourselves safe in
		the importa				the sun?
		personal in		•		110 00111
		Where and	d how to	report con	cerns	
		and get su	pport w	ith issues c	nline	
		Online rela				
		information		•	d and	
		used online		10 011010	a and	
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		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	- l	مالطنيمي		
		Word of the	e iesson	: public		

To understand how to help someone with asthma	How can we help someone who has asthma?	how to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries Word of the lesson: asthma	Long term learning: What should we not share online? When should we ring 999?
To develop understanding of privacy and the difference between secrets and surprises	What things should be kept private?	About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe. How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. Word of the lesson: protect	Long term learning: How can we help someone with asthma? What should we do if we get lost?
To understand that not all information on search engines is valuable	Is everything we read online reliable?	Pupils should know how to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted.	Long term learning: How can we look after the environment? What is cyberbullying?
To begin to understand the risks of smoking and the	What are the dangers related to smoking?	The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including	Long term learning: Should we trust everything we read online?

benefits of being a non-smoke		smoking, alcohol use and drug- taking	How can we help someone with asthma?	
		Word of the lesson: tobacco		
Year 5 Term 1 & 2	Fam	nily and Relationships		
Link to prior learning	To understand the different roles related to bullying including victim, bully and bystander. To understand that everyone has the right to decide what happens to their body To understand the courtesy and manners which are expected in different scenarios. To understand some stereotypes related to disability. To know that bereavement describes the feeling someone might have after someone dies or another big change in their lives.			
Vocabulary		perbullying marriage secret weddi		
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance		
To understand how to form and maintain positive relationship	How can we develop good relationships with other people?	Caring friendships >Pupils should know the characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems Word of the lesson: respect	Long term learning: What are the dangers related to smoking? What makes an unhappy friendship?	
To explore the ups and downs of friendships.	What happens when friendships do not work?	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even	Long term learning: How should families look after us? What is bullying?	

		strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right Word of the lesson: communicate	
To understand the concept of marriage	What is marriage?	Pupils should know that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong. Word of the lesson: wedding	Long term learning: What members of the family can you have? What feelings can you have?
To begin to understand self-respect	What is self-respect?	Pupils should know that marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong. Word of the lesson: self respect	Long term learning: How can we relax? How can we look after our teeth?
To begin to understand that family relationships can sometimes make children feel unhappy and what they can do if this happens.	Does our family always make us happy?	Families and people who care for me > Pupils should know that others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.	Long term learning: What is self-respect? What is a marriage?

To understand more about bullying and how to get help	How can we seek help if we are being bullied?	Families and people who care for me > Pupils should know how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed Word of the lesson: secret Respectful relationships > Pupils should know about different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help. Word of the lesson: bystander	Long term learning: What is cyberbullying? How can a family not make us happy?
To recognise how attitudes to gender have changed over time.	What did people think about men and women in the past?	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive. Word of the lesson: stereotype	Ung term learning: What is a stereotype? What are manners/
To explore the impact of stereotypes and	What is discrimination?	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive	Long term learning: Who makes up our community?

how they can lead to discrimination		Word of the lesson: discrimination	How are people different from each other?
Year 5 Term 3	Econ	omic Wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	To understand the importance of tracking money. Exploring ways to overcome stereotypes in the workplace	2.	
Vocabulary	Discrimination Expenditure Giving ba	nck Income Interest Repaym	ent
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand that a loan can be a way to pay for things but that it needs to be repaid	What is a loan?	about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this and L22. about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe Word of the lesson: loan	Long term learning: What is a budget? How can we look after our money?
To understand income and expenditure and how to track money	How can you keep track of money?	to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' and L21. different ways to keep track of money Word of the lesson: income	Long term learning: What is a loan? What can be recycled?
To understand some risks associated with money	What risks are there associated with having money?	about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe and L23. about the	Long term learning: How can we look lose money?

			risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations Word of the lesson: expenditure	When should we ring 999?
To understand how to put together a weekly budget	How do you create a budge	et?	to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants and L24. to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions Word of the lesson: repayment	Long term learning: What are some risks with money? How can we keep safe online?
To understand that stereotypes can exist in the workplace but they should not affect people's career aspirations	What stereotypes exist in the www.work?	orld of	about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them Word of the lesson: discrimination	Ung term learning: What is a stereotype? What jobs can people have?
Year 5 Term 4			Citizenship	,
Link to prior learning	To know that human rights are specific rights that apply to all people. To know some of the people who protect our human rights such as police, judges and politicians. To know that there are a number of groups which make up the local community			
Vocabulary	House of Commons Hu	vironment man rights rliament	Freedom of expression Governmen Judge Jury Member of Parliamer Prime Minister Trial	
Learning objectives	Context		Statutory guidance	9

What happens if someone breaks the law?	to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not	Long term learning:
	adhering to rules and laws	Why are rules important?
	Word of the lesson: trial	How can we relax?
What is the different between rights and	about the relationship between	Long term learning:
responsibilities?	rights and responsibilities.	How can we look after the
	Word of the lesson: Human rights	environment?
		What are human rights?
How can we reduce energy we use?	ways of carrying out shared	Long term learning
	environment in school and at	What can be re- used?
		What can happen if
	reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices)	you break the law?
	NA/and of the Lagran, Funding a cont	
What do different population our community		Long term learning:
		Long torm loanning.
do to support it?	the community.	How can people different?
	Word of the lesson: freedom of	What is discrimination?
	expression	discrimination:
	What is the different between rights and responsibilities?	laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws Word of the lesson: trial What is the different between rights and responsibilities? Word of the lesson: Human rights Word of the lesson: Human rights Word of the lesson: Human rights Ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices) Word of the lesson: Environment What do different people in our community do to support it? Word of the lesson: freedom of

To begin to understand how parliament works	What is parliament?	void of the lesson. I diffament	Long term learning: What happens if we break the law? What is a marriage?
Year 5 Term 5	He	ealth and Wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	Developing independence in looking after my teeth. Explore ways we can make ourselves feel happy or happing Developing the ability to appreciate the emotions of othe Learning to take responsibility for my emotions by knowing Developing a growth mindset.	ers in different situations.	
Vocabulary	Fail goal protect	relaxation responsibility steps	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To understand the benefits of sleep	Why is sleep important?	The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that a lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn	Long term learning: How can we look after the environment?
		Word of the lesson: relaxation	How do we relax?
To understand the purpose of failure	Why is it important to fail?	Pupils should know that mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life in the same way as physical health.	Long term learning: Why are rules important?
		Word of the lesson: fail	How can we look after money?

Learn how to set short-term, medium- term and long-term goals	How can we set ourselves goals for the future?	to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcome	Long term learning: How can we relax?
		Word of the lesson: goal	Who can we trust?
To take responsibility for	How can we ensure that we recognise our own feelings?	Pupils should know:	Long term learning
their own feelings and actions and to use vocabulary to		That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness)	What different emotions are there?
describe these		and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. How to judge whether what they are feeling and how they are behaving is appropriate and proportionate	What should you do if someone tries to make you do something you do not want to?
		Word of the lesson: responsibility	
To understand and be able to plan	What is a healthy meal?	What constitutes a healthy diet (including understanding)	Long term learning:
healthy meals		calories and other nutritional content)	Why is exercise important?
		 The principles of planning and preparing a range of healthy meals 	How can a family make us happy?

		The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, for example, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (e.g. the impact of alcohol on diet or health Word of the lesson: steps	
To understand risks associated with the	Why do we need to protect ourselves from the sun?	 Health and prevention > about safe and unsafe exposure to 	learning:
sun and how these can be avoided,		the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including	What does eating healthily
taking		skin cancer	mean?
independence for their own sun		 Word of the lesson: protect 	How can we prevent the
protection		Word of the lesson. protect	spread of germs?
Year 5 Term 6	Safe	ty and changing body	, ,
Link to prior learning	To understand that there are risks to sharing things online	2.	
	To know the difference between private and public. To understand the risks associated with smoking tobacco		
Vocabulary	Attraction Decisi	on Friend Influence	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	
To begin to	What are the risks of having online friends?	How to critically consider their	Long term learning:
understand some	_	online friendships and sources of	What is
issues related to		information including awareness	cyberbullying?
online friendships		of the risks associated with people	
		they have never met.	

including the impact of their actions		How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private. Word of the lesson: influence	Can we trust everything we read online?
To learn about staying safe online.	What ways can we stay safe online?	Word of the lesson: decision	Long term learning: How can a family make us unhappy? What makes a good friend?
To understand how to help someone who is bleeding.	How can we help someone who is bleeding?	How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary. Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries Word of the lesson: compression	Long term learning: How can we stay safe online? When should we ring 999?
To begin to understand the influence others have on us and how we can make our own decisions	What is peer pressure?	The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drugtaking Word of the lesson: peer pressure	Long term learning: How can we help someone with asthma? How can we help someone who is bleeding?

Year 6 Term 1	Economic wellbeing	
Link to prior learning	To know some ways that people lose money.	
	Gambling PIN (Qualities Responsibility Skill
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance
To understand attitudes and feelings around money	How you feel about having money?	to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' and L24. to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions Word of the lesson: responsibility Long term learning: What is peer pressure? What are the risks with smoking?
To understand how to keep money in bank accounts safe	How can we keep our money safe?	about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe Word of the lesson: PIN Long term learning What is a budget? How can we keep safe online?
To begin to understand the risks associated with gambling	What is gambling?	about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations and L22. about risks associated with money Long term learning: What is a stereotype? What are the risks involved with money?

To understand the range of jobs people might do	What job do you want to do when you are an adult?	 (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe Word of the lesson: gambling about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) and L26. that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have 	Long term learning: What is a loan? What is gambling?
		more than one career/type of job during their life Word of the lesson: skill	
To understand the different routes available into careers	How do you get into certain careers?	that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid and	Ung term learning: What different jobs are there? What is discrimination?

	L32. to recognise a variety of	
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	college, apprenticeship,	
	university)	
	Word of the lesson: qualities	
	Citizenship	
To know what happens when someone breaks the law.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		government's work.
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What rights do children have?	•	Long term learning:
		What are human
	everyone	rights?
		\\/\bat bannana if
	Word of the lesson: protected	What happens if you break the law?
	characteristics	you broak the law.
How can the food we eat help the	Ways of carrying out shared	Long term learning:
•		
chivin orinitent.		How can we relax?
		How can we look
		after our teeth?
	I	
	01101003	
	Word of the lesson: environment	
	To know that parliament is made up of the House of Comi To know that parliament is where MPs debate issues, pro	routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university) Word of the lesson: qualities Citizenship To know what happens when someone breaks the law. To know that parliament is made up of the House of Commons, the House of Lords and the Monarch. To know that parliament is where MPs debate issues, propose laws, amend existing laws and challenge the Authority Conflict Earn Expectation Protected characteristics Resolve Respect Stereotype Context Statutory guidance What rights do children have? L2. to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone Word of the lesson: protected characteristics How can the food we eat help the environment? Ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices

To understand how	How can we care for others?	L4. the importance of having	Long term learning:
to show care and concern for others		compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and	How can we look after the environment?
		living things; how to show care and concern for others	What is a balanced diet?
		Word of the lesson: respect	
To recognise	What is being prejudice?	L10. about prejudice; how to	Long term learning:
prejudice and discrimination and learn how this can		recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if	Why is exercise important?
be challenged		witnessed or experienced	How can we look after ourselves in the sun?
		Word of the lesson: prejudice	
To understand	How would we recognise diversity in a	about diversity: what it means; the	Long term learning:
diversity and the value different people bring to a	community?	benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities	What is being prejudice?
community		within communics	What should we do
		Word of the lesson: steretype	if someone is being bullied?
To begin to	How does the government work?	Word of the lesson: authority	Long term learning:
understand how government works			What is parliament?
			How can we recognise diversity in a community?
Year 6 Term 3	He	alth and wellbeing	

Link to prior learning	To understand the risks of sun exposure. To know that calories are the unit that we use to measure To know that what we do before bed can affect our sleep	σ,	
Vocabulary	Habit qualities grow	th mindset responsibility skill	
Learning objectives	Context	Statutory guidance	9
To identify long term	What goals do you have for the future?	 to recognise their 	Long term learning:
goals and how to work towards them		individuality and personal qualities and H28. to identify personal strengths, skills,	What can we recycle?
		achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth	What can we reduce the use of?
		Word of the lesson:skill	
To use mindfulness to manage emotions	How can we use mindfulness?	 Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests. That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. 	Long term learning: How can we relax? How can we be a good friend?
To understand and plan for a healthy lifestyle	How can you plan a healthy lifestyle for the future?	 Word of the lesson: growth mindset That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health. 	Long term learning: How can we look after our teeth?

The benefits of physical What is self-
exercise, time outdoors, respect?
community participation,
voluntary and service-based
activity on mental wellbeing
and happiness.
 Simple self-care techniques,
including the importance of
rest, time spent with friends
and family and the benefits
of hobbies and interests.
 Where and how to seek
support (including
recognising the triggers for
seeking support), including
whom in school they should
speak to if they are worried
about their own or someone
else's mental wellbeing or
ability to control their
emotions (including issues
arising online).
It is common for people to
experience mental ill health.
For many people who do, the
problems can be resolved if
the right support is made

To understand the	What role does technology play in our	available, especially if accessed early enough. Word of the lesson: habit About the benefits of	Long term learning:
potential impact of technology on physical and mental health	mental health?	rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spent on electronic devices and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical wellbeing • Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted	What is cyberbullying? Who can we trust?
		Word of the lesson: responsibility	

To understand what	What should we do	o if we feel	ill?	Health a	nd prevention	on	Long term learning:
happens when we are ill and begin to understand when to seek support				of p wei cha Physical • How sup adu the	ohysical illnes ght loss, or usinges to the health and w and when oport including	unexplained body. fitness to seek	How can we help someone with asthmas? How can help someone who is bleeding?
				Word of t	he lesson: illr	ness	
Year 6 Term 4 & 5			Fam	ily and rela			
Link to prior learning	To know that marriage is a legal To know that if I have a probler To understand what might lead To know what action a bystand To know that stereotypes can be To know that discrimination is a disability	m, I can call Ch to someone k er can take wh e unfair, nega	nildLine on 08 oullying other nen they see tive and dest	300 1111. rs. bullying. rructive.		cially on the grounds	s of race, age, sex, or
Vocabulary	Authority	conflict	earn	resolve	respect	stereotype	grieving
Learning objectives	Context					Statutory guidance	
To understand what we mean by respect	Why is showing r	espect imp	ortant?	they can	expect to be	wider society treated with	Long term learning:
				respect b	y others, and	d that in turn	What should we do if we feel ill?

and why it is important		they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority.	When should we ring 999?
		Word of the lesson:respect	
To understand that respect is two-way	Why should we treat others how we want to be treated?	Pupils should know practical steps they can take in a range of different	Long term learning:
and how we treat others is how we		contexts to improve or support respectful relationship	What is a stereotype?
can expect to be treated		Word of the lesson: earn	Why is it important to show respect?
To explore other people's attitudes and ideas and to begin to challenge	Does everyone think the same as we do?	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive	Long term learning: What is discrimination?
these		Word of the lesson: conflict	What is being prejudice?
To understand stereotypes and be	What dangers are linked to stereotypes?	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative	Long term learning:
able to share information on them	,.	or destructive	What jobs can people do?
		Word of the lesson: stereotype	
			What are the differences between people?

To resolve disputes and conflict through negotiation and compromise	How can we use negotiation and compromise to help in difficult situations?	Pupils should know that most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right Word of the lesson: resolve	Long term learning: What is peer pressure? What types of secrets should not be kept?
To begin to understand the process and emotions relating to grief.	How do we feel when we are grieving?	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. Word of the lesson: gireving	Long term learning: How can our families care for us? What can our families do that makes us unhappy?
Year 6 Term 6	Safe	ety and changing body	

Link to prior learning	To know the steps to take before sending a message online (using the THINK mnemonic). To know some of the possible risks online. To know some strategies I can use to overcome pressure from others and make my own decisions. To know how to assess a casualty's condition. • about puberty and how bodies change during puberty, including menstruation and menstrual wellbeing • how puberty can affect emotions and feelings • how personal hygiene routines change during puberty how to ask for advice and support about growing and changing and puberty		
Vocabulary	Alcohol Context	reliable cyberbullying	
Learning objectives		Statutory guidance Children should know the facts	Long term learning:
To begin to understand the risks of alcohol.	What are the risks related to drinking alcohol?	about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated risks, including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.	What are the risks with tobacco? What should you do if you feel ill?
		Word of the lesson: alcohol	·
To start to become a discerning consumer of information online.	How can we ensure what we read online is reliable?	How to be a discerning consumer of information online including understanding that information, including that from search engines, is ranked, selected and targeted. Word of the lesson: reliable	Is everything we read online reliable? How can we stay safe online?
To understand that online relationships should be treated in the same way as	How should we treat others online?	The importance of permission- seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults	Ung term learning: What is cyberbullying? What should we do if we know

face to face relationships		That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not	someone is being bullied?
		That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to-face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous	
To the devetor of both		Word of the lesson: cyberbullying	Long term learning:
To understand how to help someone who is unresponsive.	What should you do if someone is not responding?	How to make a clear and efficient call to emergency services if necessary Concepts of basic first-aid, for example dealing with common injuries, including head injuries.	How can you help someone who is bleeding? When should you ring 999?
To recognise the importance of a loving relationship when entering into a sexual relationship	Are all loving relationships the same? What does a marriage look like? When do people decide to enter into a intimate relationship?	 that marriage should be wanted equally by both people and that forcing someone to marry against their will is a crime that people have different kinds of relationships in their lives, including romantic or intimate relationships that people who are attracted to and love each other can be of any 	•

		gender, ethnicity or faith; the way couples care for one another that adults can choose to be part of a committed relationship or not, including marriage or civil partnership
To understand how babies are made To understand how babies are born	When do people decide to have a baby? How are babies made? What happens during sexual intercourse? What happens when a baby is born?	
To recognise changes that will happen during puberty	What happens to boys during puberty? What happens to girls during puberty? How does becoming an adult enable you to be able to reproduce?	 about puberty and how bodies change during puberty, including menstruation and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams how puberty can affect emotions and feelings how personal hygiene routines change during puberty how to ask for advice and support about growing and changing and puberty about the reproductive organs and process – how babies are conceived